

Calibration of Multi-Element Radio Heliograph (comment)

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Calibration of multi-element Radioheliographs

- 1.) An RT described by system parameters
- 2.) Context of 1.) with objects (sources, background and with the output by the antenna equation
- 3.) Calibrat method taken from methods appl at single antenna RTs
 - a.) Man made source in front at far field distance
 - b.) cosmic sources near the sun resp. reference areas
 - c.) noise source feeds the radiometer input and calculate the T_A by means of 1.) and 2.)

procedure

- a.) one fringe is on the sun to obtain a scan
- b.) the fringes are off the sun.
- c. consider all the contributions, background of the fringes, soil contribute by the $1/2$ hour sun lobes, loss contribute $T_A = dT_A + (1 - \frac{1}{2})T_{\text{noise}}$
the waveguides, front end noise $\uparrow$
- e put up the antenna equation for the |d.
cases a. & b.)

Minimum detectable flux of the system is dependent on the amps- & branching configuration, distinguish the correlated and uncorrelated noise. $\Delta S_{\text{min}} \rightarrow \Delta T_{\text{S min}} \neq \Delta T_{\text{RADIOM.}}$

one amp at the output of the branches is not realistic due to losses.

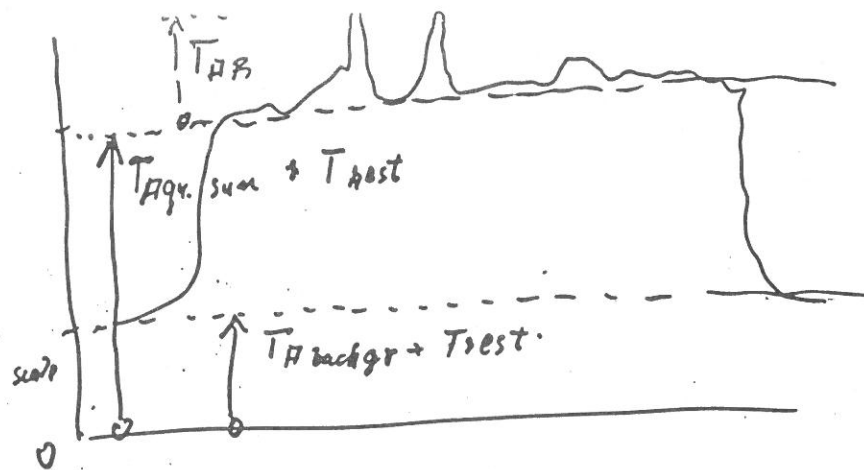
practical use is made of converters on each antenna or preamps after 4, 8 or more branches.

Where to feed in the noise source?

procedure of measurement the levels ..

- 1 radiom off level 0
- 2 all radiometers on switched to the antennas & noise measure the system $T_{\text{in}} \rightarrow$ level 1 by noise source.
- 3 all radiom on the antennas, background only $\rightarrow$ level 2. measure the level by noise source
- 4 same as 3 with the sun on our fringe. measure this level by noise source (substitution method, read the noise outputs).

Thus separation of contribution is possible



How to get $T_{eq\ sun}$ for applic of the convolution formula.

from a scatter diagram S_{sun} versus R_{spat} .
get the $T_{eq\ sun}$ from the cylinder model with constant $T = T_{eq\ sun}$.

result one obtains the T_H° - Scale

$$T_H = \eta \left((1 - \beta_2) \left[\frac{\beta_1^2 S_{02}}{2 \Omega \Omega_H} + T_u \right] + \frac{\beta_2}{2} (T_0 + T_w) \right)^{1/4} + T_0 (1 - \eta)$$

general Antenna equation with system parameters

no source in the lobe : $S_{02} = 0$.

